

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. 4.—NO. 30

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1886.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

BANKING HOUSE

Macarthur & Knowles,

Prince Albert, N.W.T.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Interest allowed on deposits.
Notes Discounted.
Drafts (local) available at all units in the Dominion.
Collection undertaken and promptly attended to.
BANKERS—Merchant Bank of Canada

WILLIAM V. MACLEOD.

Barriater, Notary Public, Etc.

PRINCE ALBERT, N.W.T.

STEPHEN BROWSTER.

Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature in England.

NOTARY PUBLIC

(Late Melan & Elliot)

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK.

JOHN S. NEWLANDS.

Barriater, Notary Public.

Prince Albert, Sask., N.W.T.

F. F. PHIBBS. H. W. NEWLANDS.

ARTHUR L. SUTTON, B.A.

Barriater, Attorney, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Office—First door west Stewart Bros Store

RIVERSIDE BLDG. PRINCE ALBERT.

W. R. GUNN, M.A.

Barriater, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.

Large loans and safe. Money invested.

Local Agent for W. J. Fenton & Co., Real Estate Agents, Hamilton, Ont.

PRINCE ALBERT.

J. A. STARKHOUSE

DENTIST.

PRINCE ALBERT, N.W.T.

GEORGE A. BENTLEY,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

CHARGES—MODERATE.

Shop—First door east in Simlaire Block

J. D. HANNAFORD,

Auctioneer and Commission Agent

OFFICE—FIRST STREET

FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

For the next thirty days I will sell at 40 or 50 cent less than cost.

GILBERTE CARTER.

WILLIAM KNOX,

CARPENTER, ETC.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOP.

Near Presbyterian Church.

A.W.R. MARKLEY,

Gen. Agent and Auctioneer.

AGENT:

Confederation Life Association, Toronto

Shoe Manufacturing Co., of New York.

Dealer of Marriage and Billiard Table

See page.

Office in McRae's Office

24 O'CLOCK!

Right up with the Times.

JUST STEPPED THE

POST OFFICE JEWELLERY STORE

And have the 24 o'clock system added to your watch for 25c.

It is both useful and ornamental.

All branches promptly attended to.

R. B. WAY,

POST OFFICE JEWELLERY STORE.

CITY BILLIARD HALL.

Carom and Pool Tables.

Choice Cigars, Beer, Cider and Wines

supplied at the bar.

GEO. A. BENTLEY

PRINCE ALBERT,

Planing Mills and

Sash and Door Factory

FOR SKIBERT AND MACKAY STS.

Sash, Doors, Frames, Windows, Moulding and

Builders' Furnishings made on the shortest notice

A. GOODFELLOW.

PRINCE ALBERT, N.W.T.

ROBERT THOMSON,

Sign & Ornamental Painter

Catskills and Paperhang

ing on short notice.

Decorative Painting a Specialty

CALL AT

Miss Maguire's

And see the largest and best assorted

stock of

HATS & BONNETS

Ever shown in Prince Albert, all per-

fectly new and latest styles.

Dresses and Mantles made to order.

Miss Maguire,

CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

WANTED

1,000 Men Wanted,

500 Women Wanted,

1,000 Misses Wanted,

500 Boys Wanted,

1,500 Children Wanted,

to my

BOOTS AND SHOES

At SHANSON & McLEOD'S.

We have received the largest and most

complete stock of boots and shoes ever

brought into Prince Albert, and are

prepared to sell cheaper than ever.

S.R.—Reductions made on large orders.

SHANNON & McLEOD

THOS. POWERS,

IN PREPARATION TO TAKE

CONTRACTS

FOR

Brick, Plastering and Stone Work.

Orders promptly attended to. Est-

imates furnished.

Brick and Lime always on hand.

Neel Street, Prince Albert, Sask.

NOTICE.

TO PRINCE ALBERT and points be-

tween it and Saskatchewan Ferry (30

miles north of Swift Current Station on

C.P.R.) will please note that I am now

shipping out two barges (capacity about

150,000 lbs each) and propose despatching

them on or about the 25th inst., for

Prince Albert.

Parties wishing to ship will please

notify me either by wire or letter, date

goods are shipped from Winnipeg, or

other points on Railway, and must leave

the Railway charges prepaid to Swift

Current, where I will take possession

and deliver at destination and then collect

freight.

RATES \$2.00 per 100 lbs. from Swift

Current Station to Prince Albert or in-

termediate points. Stoves, Castings and

other breakable articles taken at owner's

risk only.

F. FRAZER TIMS.

Swift Current, June 12, 1886.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY NOTIFY THE PUBLIC

in general that I have procured a Per-

mit from the Dominion Land Office for

the privilege of cutting hay on the whole

of Section 29, in T. 47, R. 26 west of

2nd principal meridian.

Any person or persons cutting hay on

said land without my orders will be pro-

secuted according to law.

S. J. LONALDON.

MRS. HAMMOND,

Fashionable Dress & Mantle Maker

begs to inform ladies living at a distance

that she has opened a FASHIONING

Salon in York Street, where first-class

work is done. All orders will receive

prompt and careful attention. FASHIONING

OF DRESSES AND WEDDING TRIMMINGS

A SPECIALTY.

Sent for circulars with full particulars.

101 King Street West, Toronto.

THE EUROPEAN HOUSE.

I BEG RESPECTFULLY TO NOTIFY

the Public that I have opened a Re-

staurant in the Premises owned by S. J.

Lonaldson, on York Street, where first-

class Board can be had at the following

rates: Breakfast, 25c; Dinner, \$1.00; Supper,

25c. Meals, 40c. Meals at all hours.

DAVID POLLOCK.

NOTICE.

HAVING SOLD OUT MY BUSINESS,

parties indebted to me are requested to

settle immediately. Any one having

claims against me will please send in

their accounts at once.

W. C. RAMSAY.

Prince Albert, June 12th, 1886.

Season 1886.

To Shippers

The Lake Steamers will leave Selkirk

to connect with the Saskatchewan River

Steamers at Grand Rapids on the 31st

May 1886.

All Goods at Selkirk at this date

awaiting shipment for the Saskatchewan

will be carried to destination promptly.

TELEGRAPHIC.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

(By Special Telegram.)

WINNIPEG, June 11.—Gaudan defeated

Teemer at Pullman, on Saturday for the

championship of America—these two

with Courtney will row at Winnipeg on

the 1st 2nd and 3rd of July.

The St. Paul and Grand Forks Base

Ball Clubs will also be here.

A train arrived from the east on Sat-

urday with about two hundred immi-

grants consisting of Finlanders and

Swedes, Germans and English.

Judge Taylor left this morning for

Calgary to conduct the Travis Commis-

sion.

The Imperial Parliament is expected

to be dissolved immediately.

Childstone has issued a manifesto to

his Militarian constituents. A man-

ifesto has also been issued by Chamber-

lain and Trevelyan.

Capt. F. J. Dickens son of the novelist,

and well known in the Northwest, is

dead.

Premier Norquay is on the way home

from Ottawa.

Sir Donald A. Smith, before leaving

for England, intimated that he would

not sit for Winnipeg unless given a unani-

mous nomination.

There has been serious rioting at Sligo,

Ireland, and a number of protestant's

houses wrecked.

The victims of the Belfast riots were

buried yesterday. The disaffected dis-

tricts are under martial law.

Sir John Macdonald states that his

time being so much occupied with the

Fisheries and other important questions,

cannot state precisely the date of his

departure for the Northwest.

The date of opening the Canadian Pa-

cific is now fixed for the 28th.

Winnipeg, June 11.—The first through

train from Montreal is expected to arrive

in Winnipeg on Dominion Day. First

train east leaves Vancouver on July 6th,

and reaches here the following Friday.

There will likely be some demonstration

here over the event.

The following particulars of the Van-

couver fire have been received:

Only half a dozen houses remain out

of 500. Worst of all is the heavy loss of

life.

One short hour did the whole work.

Ten bodies have been found and un-

known persons are enquiring for missing

friends.

Loss of property \$1,000,000. Loss of

life fifty.

The amount of property saved is in-

significant, a clean sweep defines the sit-

uation.

Twenty contracts for rebuilding are

already let. Only three out of ten bodies

have been identified.

Many men are ruined, but are deter-

mined to start again on the old oc-

cupation. Widows, widowers and or-

CHIT-CHAT LOCALS.

Gathered by our Reporters.

Fine weather.

Syrup, \$5.50 a keg at T. O. Davis.

Bread always on hand at T. O. Davis.

A fine shower of rain on Tuesday last.

Clothing at \$8 a Suit, at T. O. Davis.

Cowan & Co., have opened out in Bar-

ker's old stand.

Fine pure Java, Mocha, and Jamaica

Coffee at T. O. Davis.

A blacksmith shop is about to be open-

ed at St. Laurent.

Dress Goods, Mirlins, Prints etc.,

cheap at T. O. Davis.

Ladies' Black Silk Gloves at W. R.

Fish's.

His Honor Judge Richardson left on

Monday for Regina.

Try W. R.

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES

AND
SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW
PUBLISHED DAILY

J. D. MAVEETY

PRINCE ALBERT N. W. T.

TERMS.—\$2.50 per annum in advance.
Single copies, 10 cents each.
In no case will profits be inserted in this paper. Business letters, 15 cts. per line.
No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.
Advertisements without instructions will be inserted until forbid.
All letters to be addressed to the Proprietor.

J. D. MAVEETY, Proprietor.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 19 Spruce street, where advertisements may be made for it in NEW YORK.

SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

St. Mary's.
11 a.m.—His Lordship the Bishop.
7 a.m.—Mr. Massie.
The Mission Chapel.
11 a.m.—Rev. A. A. H. Wright.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
7 p.m.—His Lordship the Bishop.
St. Catharines.
11 a.m.—Rev. Canon Flett, B.D.
St. Paul's.
2 p.m.—Rev. Canon Flett, B.D.
St. Andrew's.
6:30 a.m.—Rev. E. Matheson.
St. John's.
3 p.m.—Rev. E. Matheson.
St. James.
6 p.m.—Ven. Archdeacon McKay, B.D.
St. Anne's, R. Catholic.
6:30 a.m. and 2 p.m.—Rev. Pere Andre.
St. Paul's (Presbyterian).
1 a.m. and 7 p.m.—Rev. Mr. McWilliam.

FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1886.

To a reverend gentleman who made a speech on decoration day in Detroit, of a jingo nature, the Hamilton Spectator recommends "perfect quiet, a shaved head and a diet of Canadian fish." But pray won't we have to bait him first.

Says the Regina Leader, evidently having reference to the puddle near by: "It is a pleasant sight to see the yacht scudding along the lake in the evening sun, her sails purple in her rays." It must be nice, to be sure, but "her sails purple in her rays" is enough to disturb the *etum cum dignitate* of an Egyptian mummy.

The President of the great republic to the south of us was married on the 2nd inst. Her Majesty sent her congratulations to the happy couple. We cannot afford to wire our congratulations and will have to content ourselves with drinking the health of the happy couple in lime juice and water. A little sour, it is true, but not symbolic of their future we hope.

The Edmonton Bulletin says that since Mr. Dewdney became Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest, the mounted police "have deteriorated from the finest in the world to a nondescript institution, neither fish, flesh nor good red herring." But what has his Honor to do with the police. As well charge him with being responsible for the silly utterances of the Bulletin man.

By reference to our telegrams it will be seen that the Nova Scotia elections have resulted in the Government being sustained by a large majority on a straight-out secessionist platform. In view of the fact that better terms is not what Nova

Scotia wants, but separation pure and simple, there will be some difficulty in arriving at a settlement which will be at once satisfactory to Nova Scotia and the Dominion. It will now be in order for the enemies of confederation to cheer on the Blue Nose secessionists.

The Lethbridge News, in an article upon Northwest representation in the Commons, says, "Northwest first" must be the sheet anchor of any candidate who hopes to weather the storms of an election contest successfully. To a certain extent we agree with the News. But it must be remembered that our representatives in the House of Commons will have other interests than those of the Northwest to look after, and that when the national interests are at stake it will be their duty to uphold them even at the sacrifice of territorial interests. For instance, there are certain well defined principles upon which the two great Canadian parties are at issue. One believes in free trade the other in protection. Must our representatives hold no opinion on these questions? Must they be neither free traders or protectionists? Must they not yield allegiance to principles—must they be idiots? Or holding opinions upon these questions, must they be forced to pocket them, and hold themselves like so many sheep in the political shamble, for the highest bidder? For our part we want to see men of principles sent to the Commons, who will hold above price their personal honor, and above all, and before all, the national interests. "Northwest first" may do very well to catch loose fish, but the "Dominion first" should be the cry of every true Canadian, be he Liberal or Conservative.

ST. LOUIS DE LANGEVIN.

As a single handed twister and distorter of the truth the Globe's commissioner takes first place with the Edmonton Bulletin man an easy second. We are well aware, of course, that the Globe's commissioner is not supposed to have any conscience, at least, he is not supposed to let conscientious scruples detract from his usefulness as commissioner. He is chartered for the express purpose of lying, even to the extent of denying the truth of the sworn testimony of those whose true friend the Globe would have the public believe it is. As for the Bulletin man, we always credited him with having, at least a well grounded conviction that the truth is mightier than falsehood—when the truth answers his purpose.

The Globe's commissioner, in obedience to his superiors, visited this section of the country a short time ago, with the express intention of getting evidence to disprove the statements of Mr. Pearce with regard to the treatment by the Government and the Prince Albert Colonization Society of the settlers of the parish of St. Louis de Langevin. His first report appears in the Globe of the 28th of April last, and a weaker attempt to make out a case against the Government and the P. A. C. Society it would be hard to conceive. Even those very halfbreeds whose cause the commissioner assumes to champion give a flat denial to every statement made by him. They assert, as they testified upon oath to Mr. Pearce, that they did not know of the existence of the Society until after the rebellion. But whether they did or did not know of the existence of the Society, the fact remains uncontroverted and uncontested, that not one of those who had settled in the parish previous to the transfer or after, was ever dis-

turbed by the Government or the Society. They may not have been able to enter their claims, but the justice of their claims was never questioned. They had possession, and had only to comply with the settlement duties to secure their patents when the lands were open for entry. It is true that men after the stamp of the Globe's commissioner and the Bulletin man, who do not stop short of saying anything when their pockets are empty or party interests are at stake, strove, with what results the public well know, to make the too-confiding halfbreeds believe that their rights were being ignored. They were overflowing with sympathy for the poor halfbreeds. Well, we are not without sympathy for them, but we trust our sympathy arises from pure motives. We would have them hereafter confide in their true friends and guides whose advice they disregarded before; would have them turn a deaf ear to the serpent though the Globe should be his mouth-piece and the Edmonton Bulletin man his tail-piece.

But in the endeavor to prove Mr. Pearce's report as unreliable the Globe's commissioner asks, with *Le Monde* of the 15th of January last, "Where are the names of the Metis who were deprived of their lands by the Government in favor of the Prince Albert Colonization Society?" and answers the question by giving the names of twenty-five settlers of the parish of St. Louis de Langevin whom, he alleges, the Government thus treated. But there were forty-five claimants in this parish. What became of the lands of the other twenty? Did the Government not sell them all out? To show, however, how worthless this statement is, we have only to mention the fact that one of the parties named, Michael Canny (Mike Kenny, the Globe has it), obtained his patent before 1881, four entered for their lands in 1883, two in 1885, and the rest, with few exceptions, have preferred evidence in support of their claims. What then, becomes of the charge that the settlers were deprived of their lands in favor of the P. A. C. Society. True the unoccupied land in the parish was sold to the Society; but the unoccupied, or unclaimed land, belonged to the Government, and the occupied land, the claims of the settlers, belonged to the latter, at least they were in possession, and could not be dispossessed provided they complied with the law in regard to settlement duties. This the Globe's commissioner and the Bulletin man well know. But it is well also, that the people should understand that the Government are the guardians of the public domain, and that it is no more right for the settlers to knowingly break the land laws, than it would be for the Government to hand over to a company of speculators the houses, barns and cultivated fields of the settlers of St. Louis de Langevin.

We do not write from a party standpoint, and were the charges made by the Globe and Bulletin true we would not refrain from saying so. But when a leading public journal makes false statements, and other journals reiterate them, we think it nothing but our duty to give what we consider to be a true statement of the case. There was a time when the Globe was more scrupulous than it is now. It perhaps had a stronger hold on the public then, but that time would seem to have passed, and with declining prestige, naturally enough, there may be a corresponding decline in journalistic morality.

Joseph Wignome arrived from Cal. Sprout's camp on Monday evening last, and returned to day.

'79 T J AGNEW '86

Tin Roofing and
Eavetroughing

AT LOW RATES.

2,000 lbs. Barbed Wire

TO HAND.

WARNING

All overdue accounts not settled by June 15th will be closed without further notice or favor.

Lumber Lumber

We will place on banks of Saskatchewan River, at Medicine Hat, ready for rafting.

Dressed Boards,	\$25 per m.
Scantling and Joist, up to 1 ft, 25 "	
Flooring, Ceiling and Siding,	30 "
Shingles,	4 "
Tar and Brown Paper,	4cts "lb.
Doors, 2f 6in x 6f 6in, 1 1/2	2.30 each
Doors, 2f 8in x 6f 8in, 1 1/2	2.40 "
Doors 2f 10 x 6f 10 1/2	2.70 "

CASH FROM \$1.80 TO \$2.80 PER PAIR GLAZED

Above prices for cash only.

Correspondence solicited.

THE MEDICINE HAT LUMBER CO'Y.

W. T. FINLAY, Manager.

P.S.—Bills cut to order.

THE WEEKLY SUN!

Arrangements are being made by the publishers of THE MANITOBA SUN for the publication of a Weekly Edition at an early date. The size of the paper will be Eight Pages of Seven Columns each—56 Columns in all—and the price will be placed at the very low figure of

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

THE WEEKLY EDITION WILL CONTAIN

The News of the Week,
Selected Miscellany,
An Interesting Serial

and Special Departments of Peculiar Interest to the Home Circle. No effort will be wanting to make our Weekly a welcome visitor every where.

Parties intending to subscribe are requested to send their names with the price of subscription to the office of

THE MANITOBA SUN.

12 Market St. E.,
Winnipeg, Man.

VIOLATION & REMEDY

COMMERCIAL BANK.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF MANITOBA.

Report of the Directors, Statement of Assets and Liabilities—Remarks of the President.

The first annual general meeting of the bank was held on May 26th. Mr. Duncan MacArthur took the chair at 2 o'clock. There was a good attendance of shareholders. The report of the directors is as follows:

This being the first annual meeting of the shareholders of the bank the directors congratulate them on the success which has thus far attended the operations of the institution. The business of the bank was commenced on the 1st May 1885 with a capital of \$100,000. In the twelve months that have elapsed since then, the bank with an average paid up capital of \$145,500, has made

A profit of \$55,959. 00
From which has to be deducted depreciation to \$10,000.00
Interest paid and received \$11,116.00 \$28,019.11

Leaving a net balance of \$27,969.92

Which is 19 1/2 per cent on the average capital.

Out of this dividend of 7 per cent per annum on the paid up stock was paid Nov. 1st \$5,000.00

And another of 7 per cent per annum is now payable

on the 1st May \$11,116.00 \$11,116.00

Leaving at the credit of profit and loss \$16,792.39

The paid up capital is now \$205,000.

The directors propose to place \$10,000 to the credit of contingent account with a view to forming the nucleus of a rest, which will leave a balance of \$6,792.39 to be carried forward to the credit of profit and loss. In accordance with the act of incorporation the directors go out of office this day. They are all eligible for re-election and offer themselves for that purpose. A more detailed statement of the accounts is on the table for the inspection of the shareholders.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

D. MACARTHUR, President.

LIABILITIES.

Notes in circulation \$162,740.00

Deposits 294,714.23

Due to other banks in Canada 699.91

Reserve fund No. 2 payable 1st May 6,138.17

Total liabilities to the public \$464,292.32

Capital paid up \$205,000.00

Reserve fund interest account 3,600.00

Contingent account 10,000.00

Balance to profit and loss account of next year 6,792.39

\$790,774.71

ASSETS.

Gold and silver coin on hand \$ 4,917.11

Dominion notes on hand 27,459.00

Balance due by other banks 76,528.14

Notes and cheques do. 13,447.51

Total assets immediately available \$124,254.76

Loans and discounts bills 965,319.92

Loans and discounts bills overdue 3,801.93

Sales and other office furniture 4,312.00

\$790,774.71

D. MACARTHUR, President.

In moving the adoption of the report the chairman said:

As the report which has just been read, says, the success which has attended the first years' operations of the bank is a matter of congratulation. When this bank went into operation, it was thought by some that the organization of a local bank in this province, was a little premature; but the action of the promoters has been justified, both by the successful business which has been done, and by the profitable results which have followed.

The bank commenced business on the 1st May, 1885, with a paid up capital of \$100,000. Since then the paid up capital has been increased to \$205,000 being in excess of the amount required by our charter and we have had opportunities of placing the entire balance of our own subscribed capital stock outside the Province, but the board has decided, somewhat at the principal intention, to keep the bank here, that it should be a local institution in reality as well as in name, to hold for some time longer the remainder of the stock for sale, and then, before allowing any considerable portion of it to be taken up outside of the province.

The directors at present are of the opinion that a large portion of the stock will be taken

up in Manitoba within the current year, and the absorption of the entire amount is merely a question of a little time. It is a matter of special gratification that the depression which has so long clouded the prospects of the Province is at length wearing away. The Province, in my opinion, is just beginning its true development. Up to a short time ago, we had been feeling what might be called a pioneer life, but now the commercial mechanism of the country is complete. We have railway communication with the Pacific and Atlantic, as well as with the navigable waters of the great lakes; we have abundance of monetary institutions; warehouses, elevators and roller mills have either been erected or are in course of erection all over the Province, and other facilities have been provided for producing and realizing the cereals for which Manitoba has become so famous, and when we consider the ease with which our prairie land can be placed under cultivation, and the variety of appliances which exist for this purpose in the form of agricultural machinery, it will be readily seen that an enormous extent of land can be put down in crops in a few years, and I may here remark that it is very gratifying to learn from reliable sources, that notwithstanding the discouragements our farmers have had to contend with during the last three years a larger area of land has this year been put under crop than ever before; this increase is estimated at from 25 to 30 per cent. The present season, too, has been, to use a term that has special significance in Manitoba, "exceptionally" fine. The season opened early and all our crops are well advanced and very promising of an abundant harvest. But notwithstanding all these favorable circumstances we must find some means of settling the vacant lands in the province; there are millions of acres of the finest land in the world lying vacant in all directions around us because nothing is being done to attract immigration to Manitoba. We find all the immigrants going beyond us, because potent influences are sought to bear on their going further west; and if some efficient means are not used to get a share of these new settlers, Manitoba will be left behind and soon have a formidable competitor in the Northwest Territories. The duty of the hour, and it is an imperative duty, and one that is incumbent alike on the Government and on the public, is to devise and carry out some adequate scheme whereby Manitoba will secure its full share of the immigrants coming from Europe.

I do not know that I need detain you by making any further remarks at present, but I may say in conclusion that the prospects of doing a safe and profitable banking business in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories are good. The field is large and the influx of population, whether Manitoba gets its share in the near future or not will undoubtedly continue and the development of the country will be constantly on the increase as well as the material resources of the people, which, in addition to the ordinary wants of the mercantile community will give rise to a large amount of good business, and moreover the vast interior, comprising the Northwest Territories affords an excellent field for the circulation of our notes.

Mr. G. W. Gillestone seconded the adoption of the report which was unanimously carried.

The Hon. C. E. Hamilton, in replying for the directors said: I think you must acknowledge that the successful operations of the past year are largely due to the gentleman at the head of the institution. I trusted that at every meeting of the directors throughout the year, the minutest details have been most carefully and thoroughly considered. I am glad to think that the first local bank in Manitoba has made such a good showing for its first year and believe that this is only the beginning of better things. I feel that this bank under its present management is bound to prosper and will steadily advance. I attended the meetings and had an opportunity of judging of everything that had been done, and I believe that no bank to-day stands in any stronger financial position than the Commercial Bank of Manitoba. I have this occasion from the opportunity I have now of looking up the accounts. Whilst returning thanks for the expression of confidence, I especially regret that the success of our operations are largely due to the gentleman who has been in charge and for whom I now return thanks.

Messrs. Gillestone and G. W. Winkler have been appointed auditors. The election of directors for the coming year was proceeded with, the result being that the following were unanimously elected.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A barrel of standard and whole-some food. More economical than the ordinary kind and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, short weights, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in one.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 106 Wall-st N.Y.

POST OFFICE BOOK STORE

Just arrived—a large consignment of

Wall Paper

LATEST PATTERNS.

E. J. CANN.

G. D. NORTCHRAVES,

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

At N Campbell's New Store

A LARGE STOCK OF

Watches,

Clocks and

Jewellery

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Repairing Promptly attended to

J. L. JOHNSON & CO'S.

Improved at

N.B.—The DOMINION LANTERN—Latest and best

Families—Call and see our

Boss Churns!

Hardware, Tinware, Groceries.

Watches,

Clocks and

Jewellery

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Repairing Promptly attended to

J. SINCLAIR & CO.

1885

Merchant Tailors.

NEW GOODS!

JUST ARRIVED

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

N.B.—The Tailoring Department will be superintended by Mr. Robinson.

1879. 1886

Buffalo Hall!

OUR SUMMER STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

Ladies should examine our stock of

Fancy Dress Goods, Prints, Cottons, etc.

Gents should see our Mammoth Stock of

Clothing and Furnishings.

Families should be entirely supplied from the Finest Stock of

Staple & Fancy Groceries

EVER OPENED HERE.

BETTS & GWYNNE.

WARNING.

A LARGE STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES

FURNITURE!

Is close at hand and expected to arrive here in a few days.

PRICES

75 per cent. below any prices quoted by dealers here

Further notice will be given on what day this sale opens. Sale Rooms will be in central part of town.

W. B. GOODFELLOW.

Hardware, Tinware, Groceries.

Families—Call and see our

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